



# SAND

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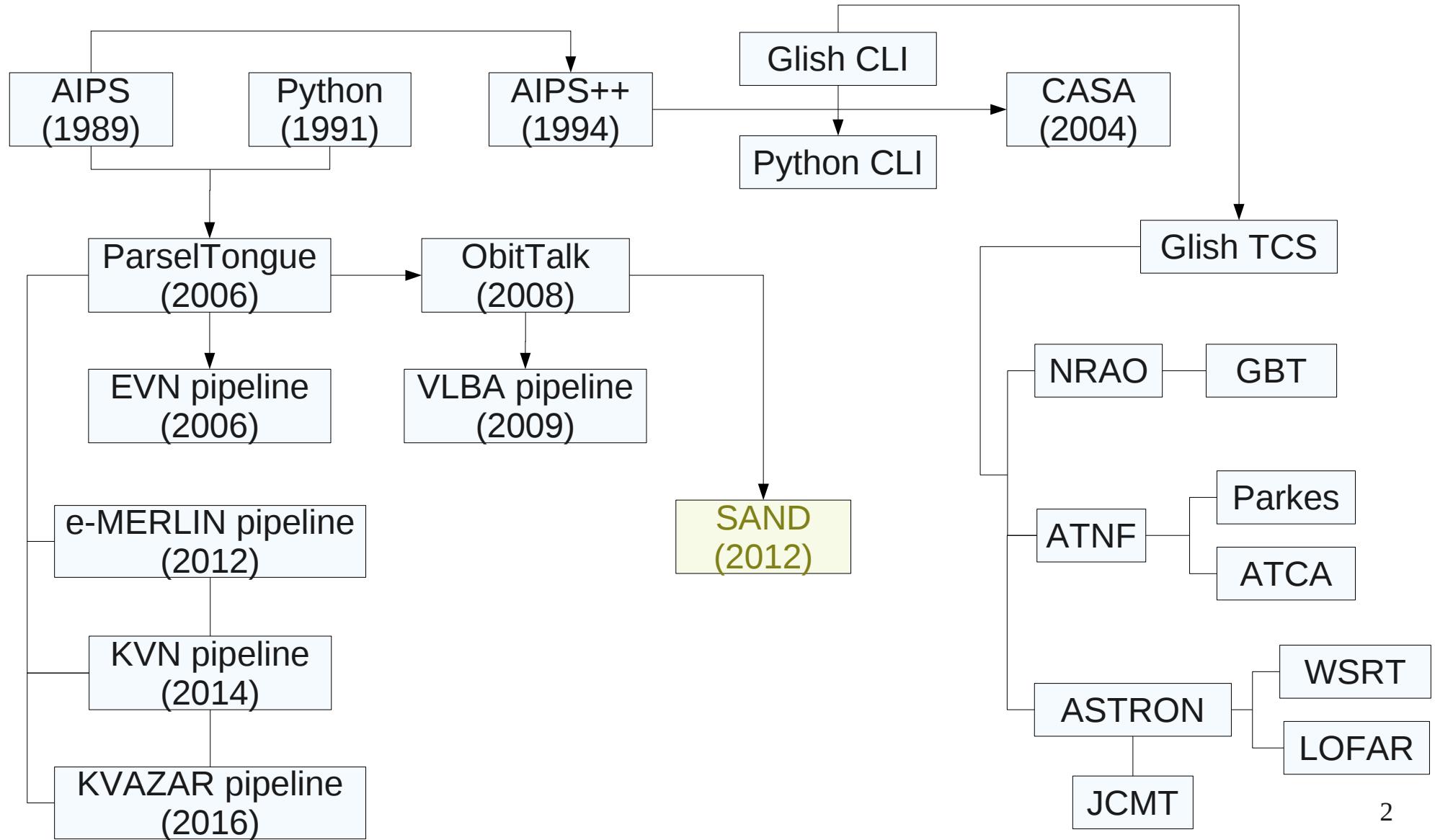
*All-axis radio interferometric data analysing pipeline*

ZHANG Ming

XAO-CAS

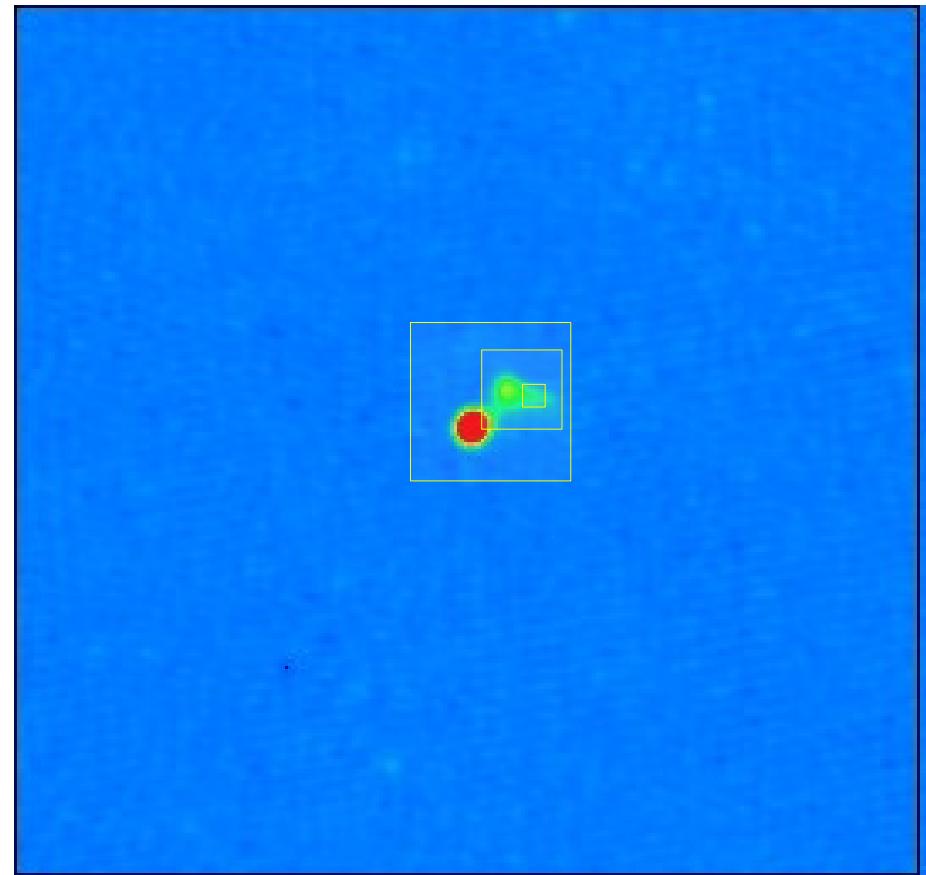
China-VO & Astroinfomatics, Dali, 2017.11.30

# Pythondome



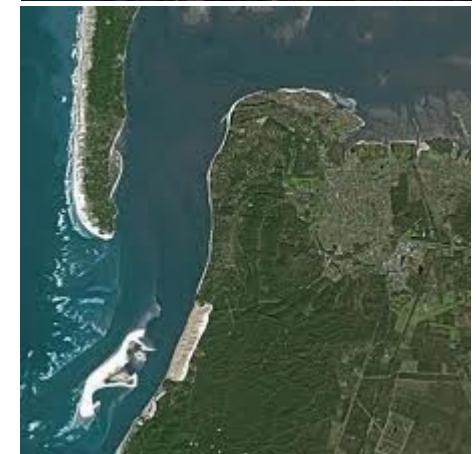
# Pitfalls of manual VLBI reductions

- Subjective
  - Eye guidance
  - Human errors
  - Selection bias
- Non cross-comparable
  - By reducers
  - By datasets
- Unrepeatable
- Unautomated



# SAND

- Etymology
  - Search And Non-Destroy <=> SAD
  - Sand-like (Dune du Pyla)
    - Solid – AIPS task wraper
    - Fluid – Pythonic freestyle
    - Loose – Modular structure
    - Grainy – Multiple files
    - Unstable – Buggy ensemble
    - Sandbox
      - A platform to play everything



# Search And Non-Destroy

- SAND >= Python + ObitTalk + AIPS
- Automated imaging and analysing
  - Heterogeneous datasets
  - Image cataloguing
  - Source extraction
  - Image/uv-plane model fitting
  - Spatial morphology – profile, trajectory, rotation, etc
  - Temporal variability – light curve, correlation, etc
  - Polarization – rotation, etc
  - Multi-epoch spectra

# Compositions

- **Dozens** files  
AND...
- **Many functions**
- **Some pipers**
- **~3000 lines**

## Member programmes

***srls.py*** - The source lister for RDV  
are indicated for every observation.

***cata.py*** - The catalogue generator  
searching conditions are narrow  
words.

***sand.py*** - The core programme of  
through ObitTalk interface to  
mapping, model-fitting, cataloguing.  
output data are stored in a unified

***psls.py*** - The catalogue plotter. The  
plotted in sequence.

***reop.py*** - The output reporting programme  
and returns the digested output.

***coft.py*** - The linear proper motion

***dfpz.py*** - The model-fitting comparison

***psud.py*** - The linear/non-linear pattern  
distribution (for testing purposes)

***mult.py*** - The post-processing programme  
light curves and multi-epoch spectra.

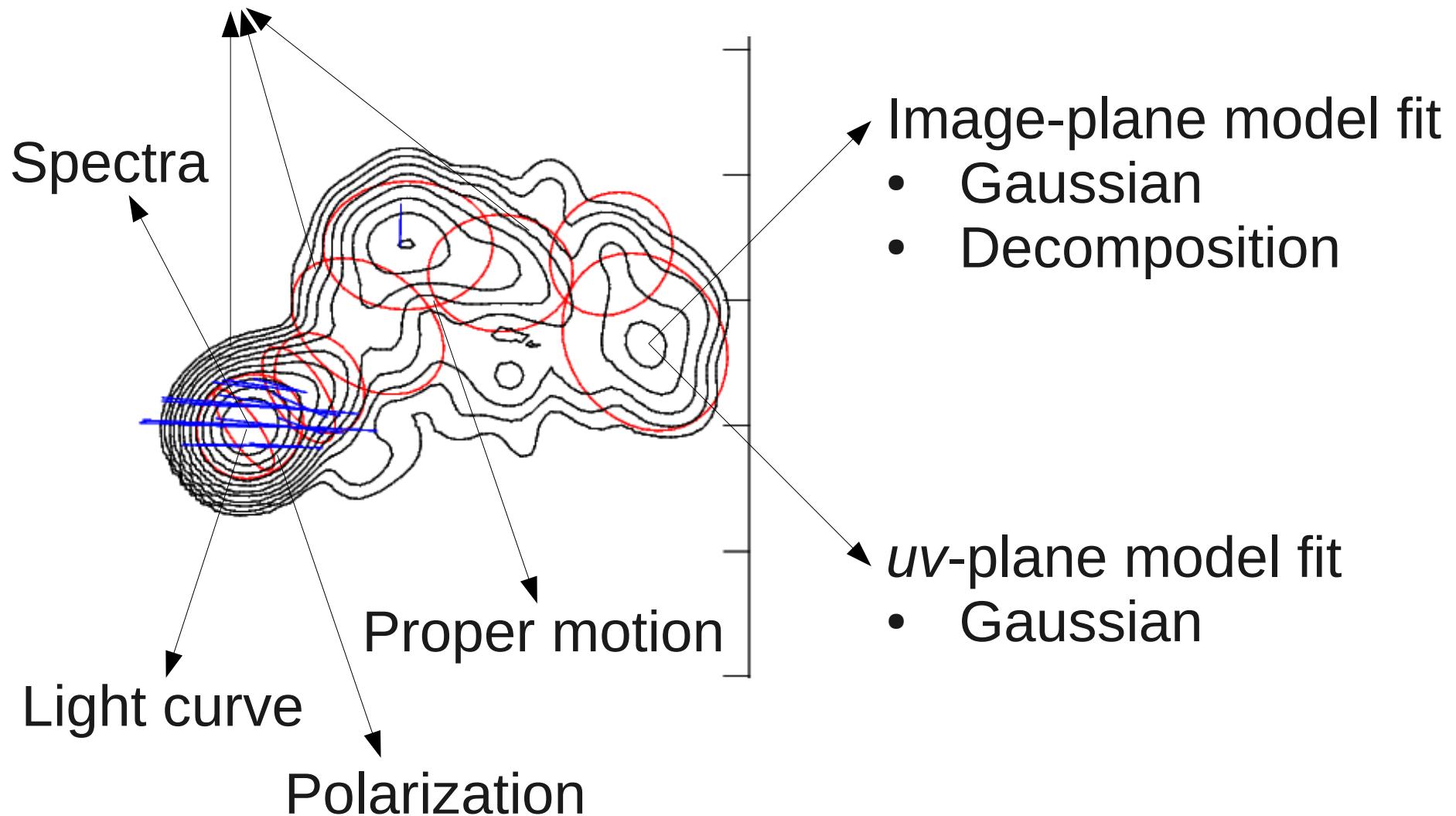
The **SAND** Manual

Version 1.4

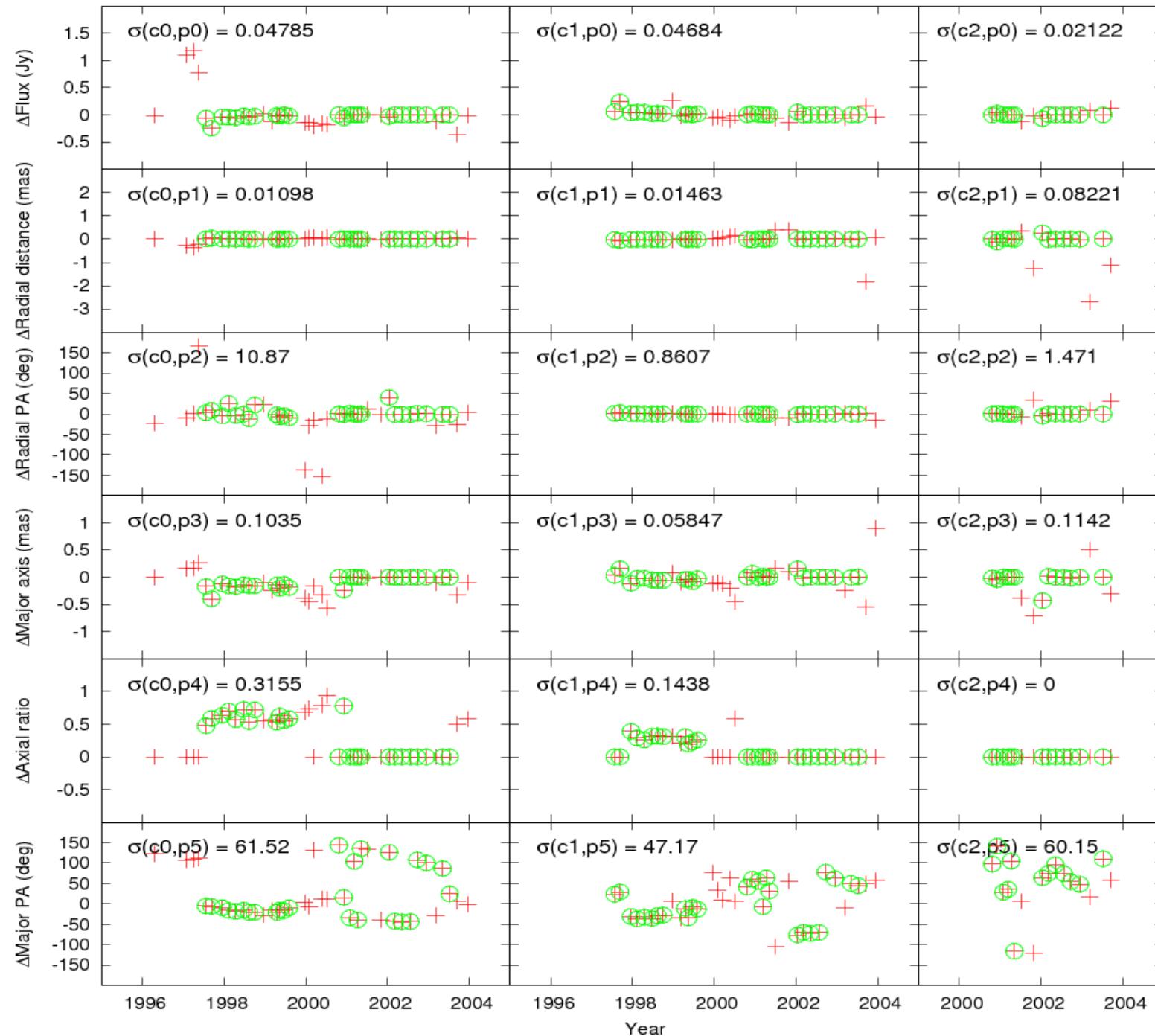


# Multi-axis information

Source extraction

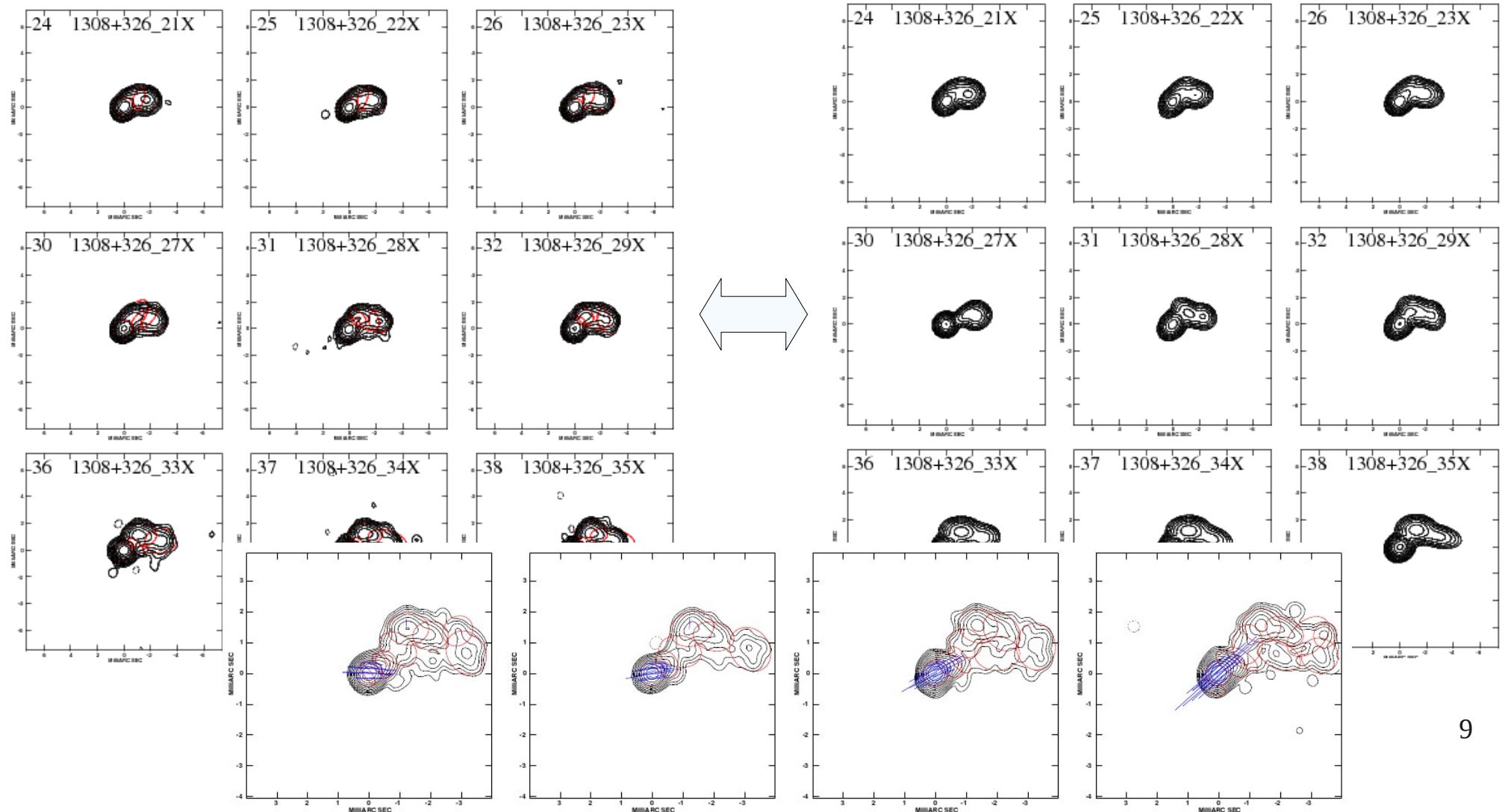


- Comparison with manual reduction



# Cataloguing

- CLEANed image and model reconstruction



# External pipers

- NED quasar database
  - “nedqry” - search and distill the redshift information

```
# 0014+813
[5]1 [HB89] 0014+813          00h17m08.5s +81d35m08s QSO >30000 3.366000 16.5 ... [6] 194 [7] 2 [8]
 12 [9] 2 0 0 [10]1 [11]Retrieve [12]Retrieve [13]1
# 0048-097
[5]1 *FBQS J0050-0929        00h50m41.3s -09d29m05s QSO >30000 0.537000 17.44 ... [6] 223 [7] 12 [8]
 56 [9] 6 0 [10] 30 [11]Retrieve [12]Retrieve [13]1
```

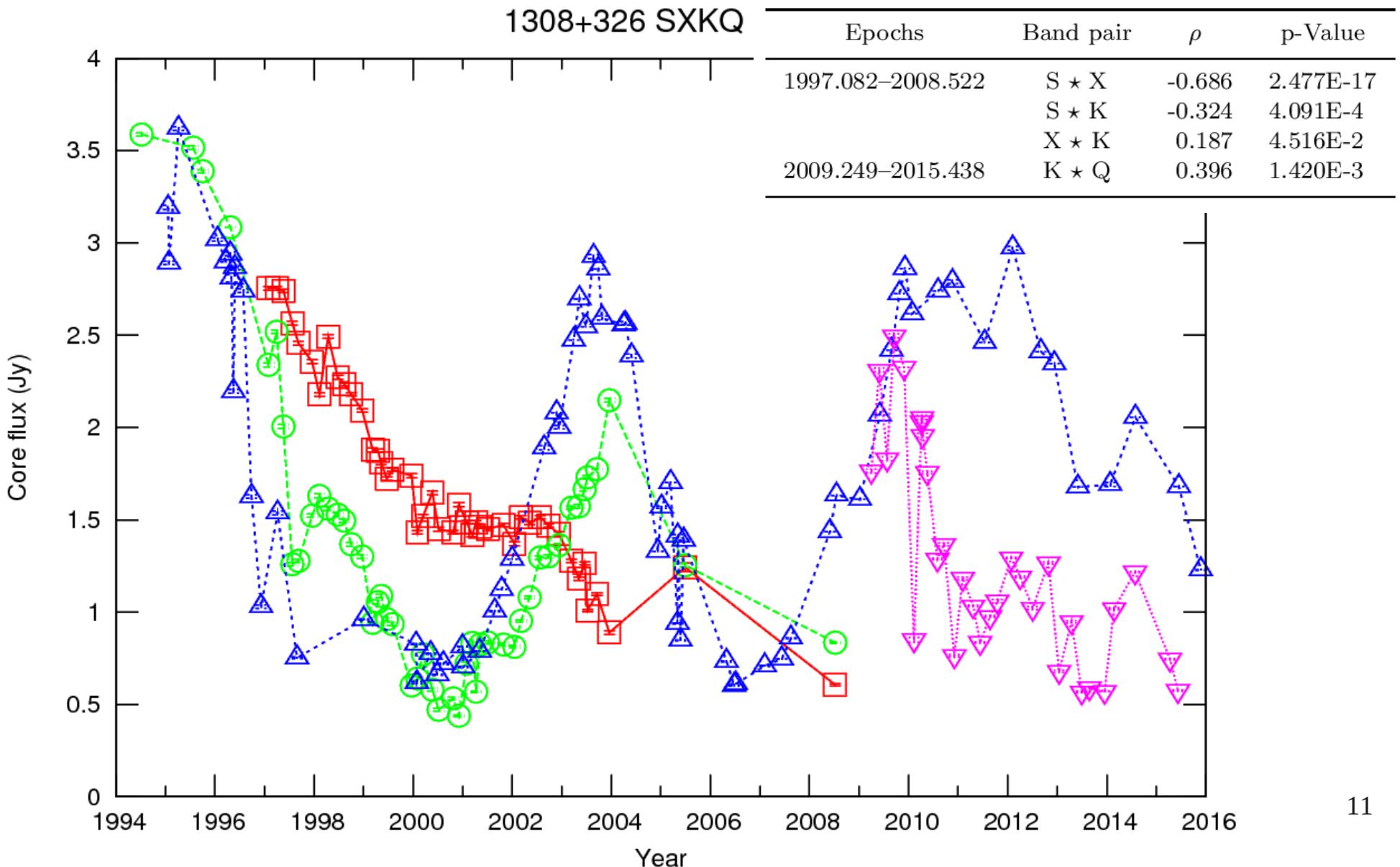
- Cosmological calculator
  - “distans” - calculate the angular diameter distance

```
mzhang@tarim[05:20]~> distans 0 1
-----
Spatial curvature      : -0 (flat)
Deceleration parameter : -0.55
Linear growth factor   : 0.778981
Time since Big Bang    : 13.0932 Gyr
Light travel time       : 7.50119 Gyr
Comoving distance (rad) : 3212.06 Mpc 10.4766 Gly
Comoving distance (tan) : 3212.06 Mpc 10.4766 Gly
Comoving volume         : 138.815 Gpc^3
Comoving horizon size   : 4163.78 Mpc 13.5807 Gly
Angular diameter distance: 1606.03 Mpc 5.23828 Gly
Linear to angular scale : 7.78624 kpc/"
Luminosity distance     : 6424.11 Mpc 20.9531 Gly
-----
```

```
omfit:
y = (0.414 +/- 0.013)*x + (-825.981 +/- 26.273) ; vel_app = 20.955880 c , acc = 0.
y = (0.447 +/- 0.020)*x + (-893.489 +/- 39.999) ; vel_app = 22.636014 c , acc = 0.
No enough points in peak bin [PA]!
sad:
y = (0.386 +/- 0.018)*x + (-771.394 +/- 36.894) ; vel_app = 19.567247 c , acc = -0.
y = (0.417 +/- 0.033)*x + (-833.190 +/- 66.789) ; vel_app = 21.109945 c , acc = -0.
No enough points in peak bin [PA]!
mzhang@tarim[15:40]data> □
```

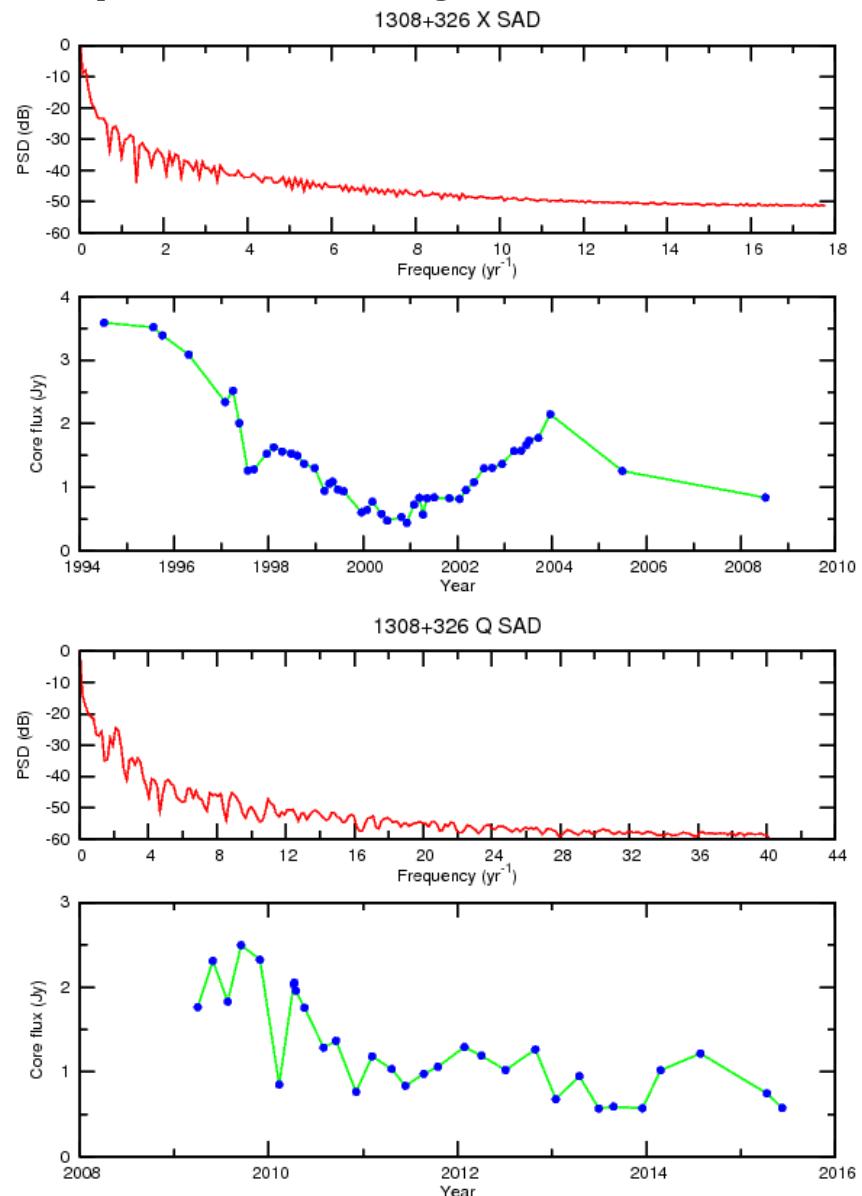
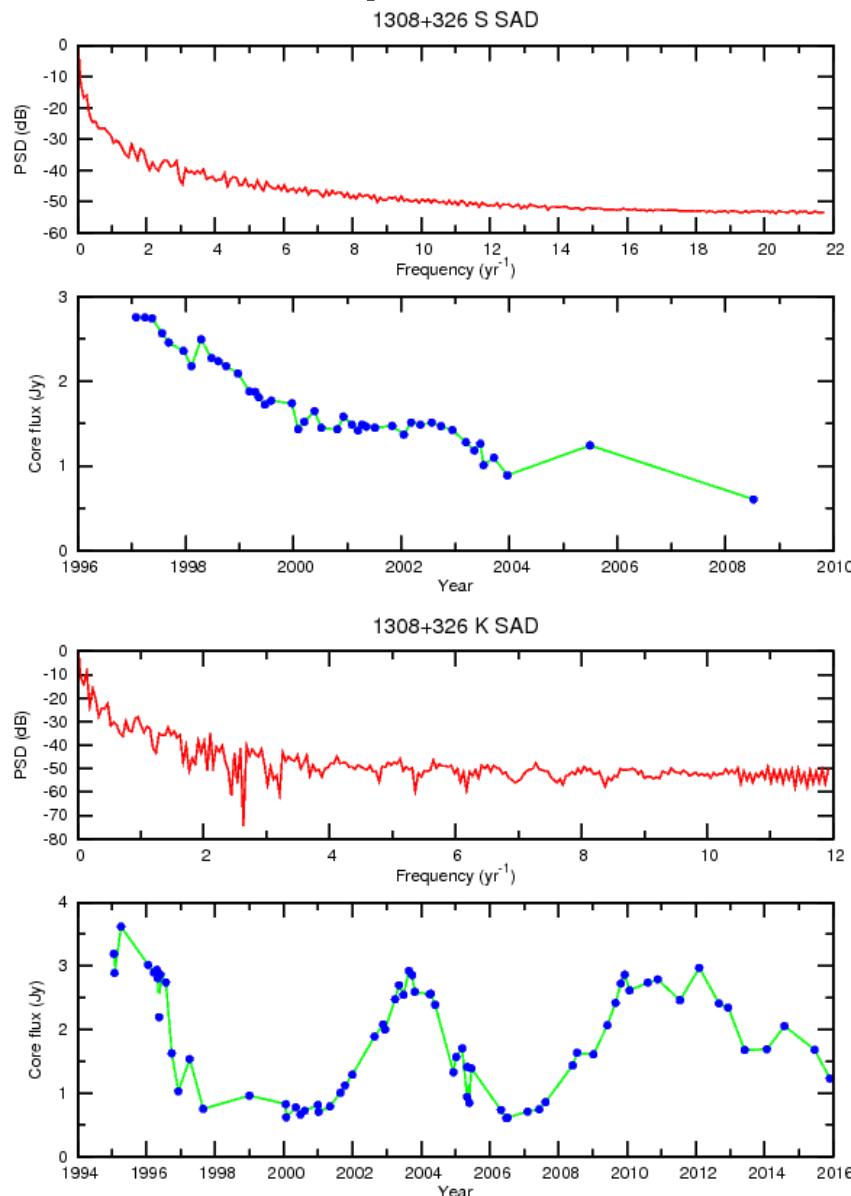
# Light curves

- Epoch overlap and cross-correlation



# Light curves

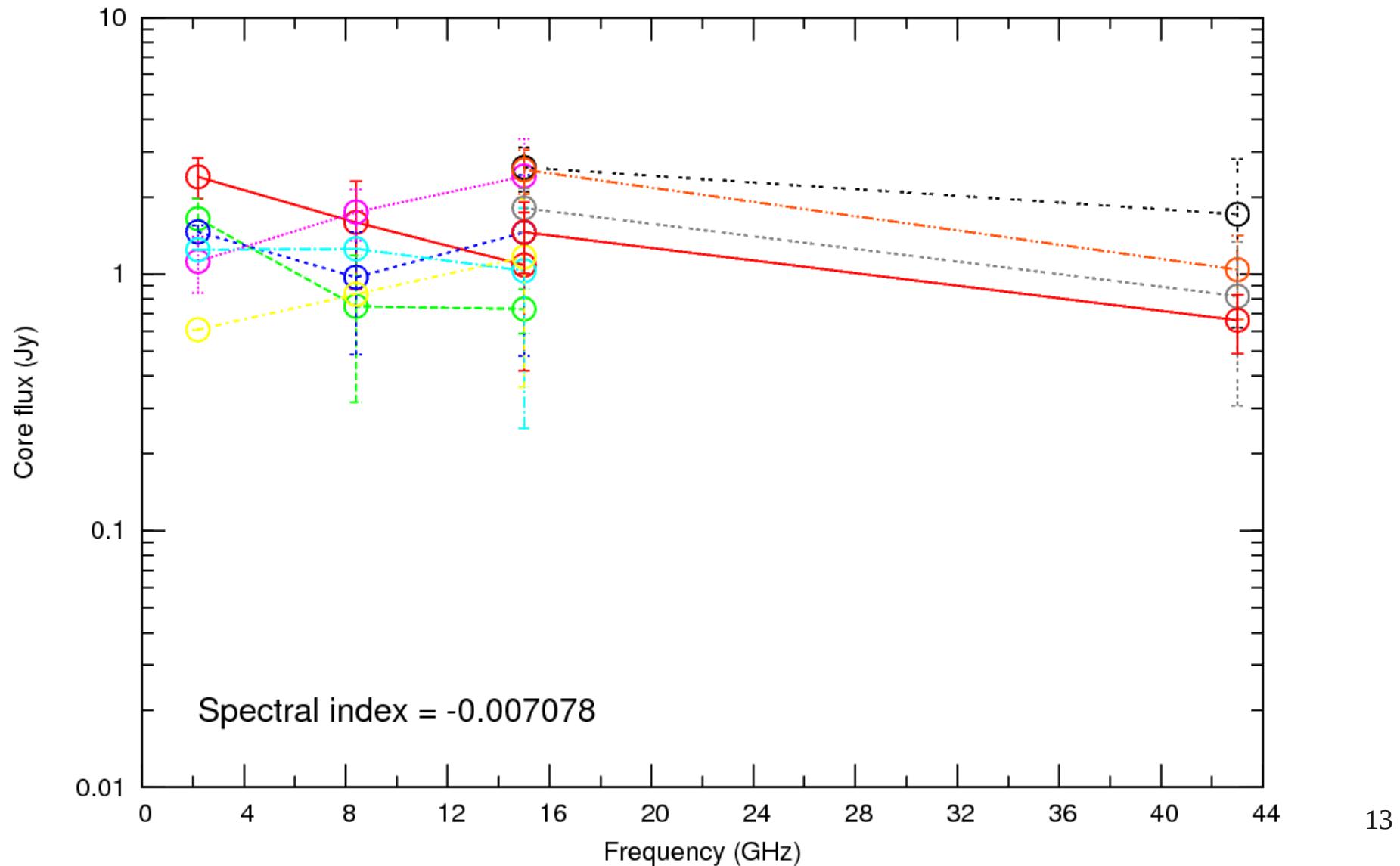
- Power spectral density & periodicity



# Spectra

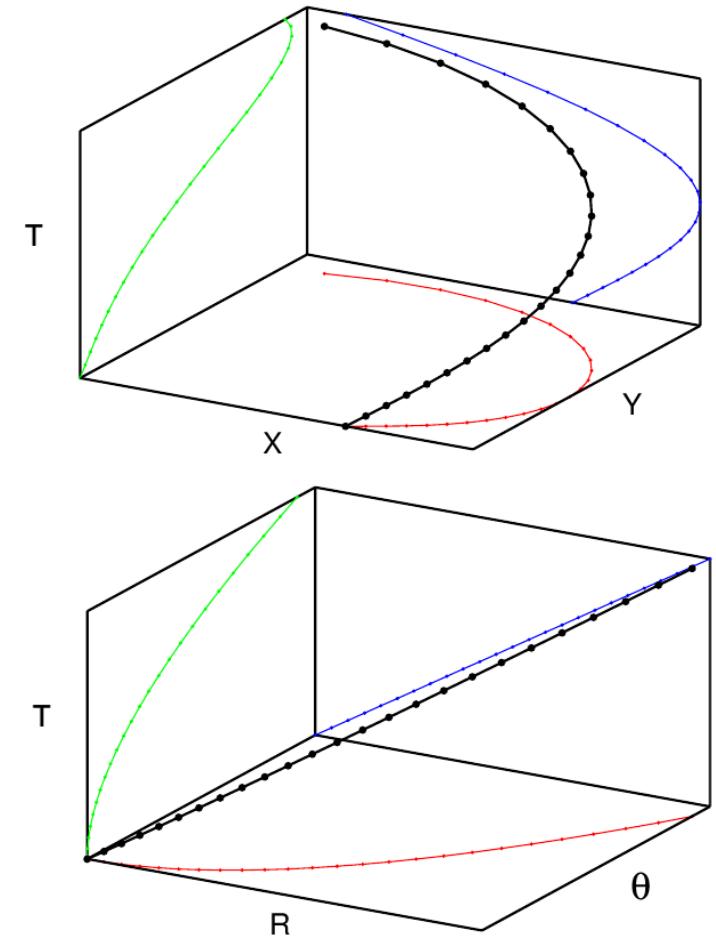
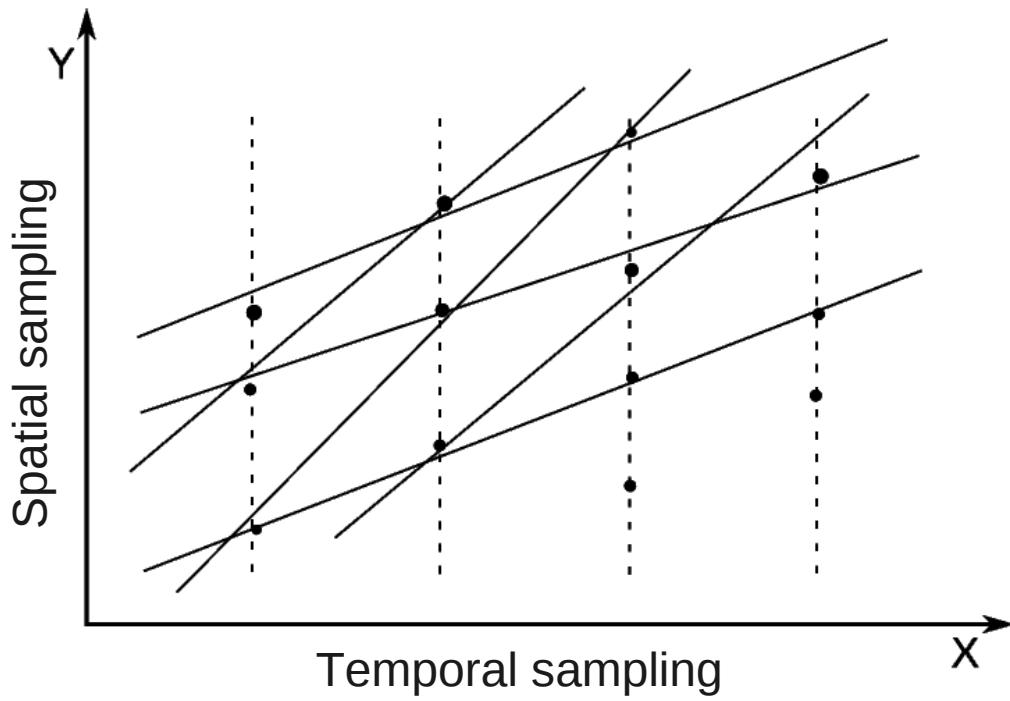
- Epoch-binned spectra

1308+326 SXKQ SAD



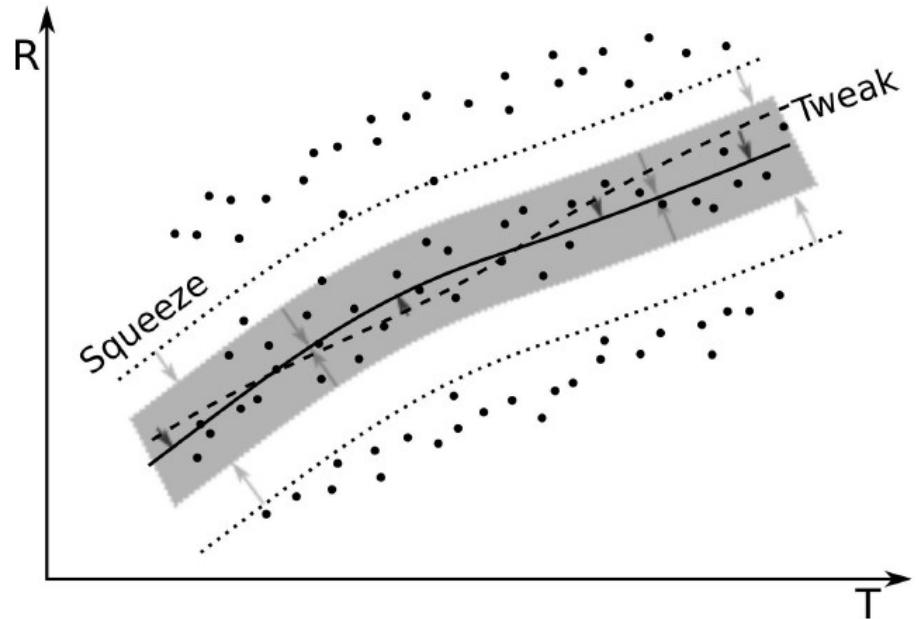
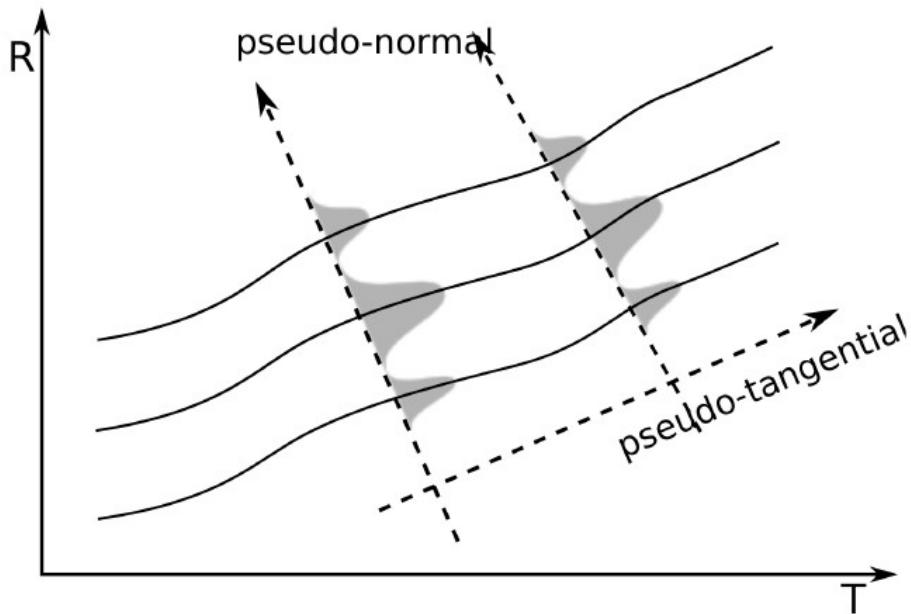
# Trajectory representation

- Correspondence confusion



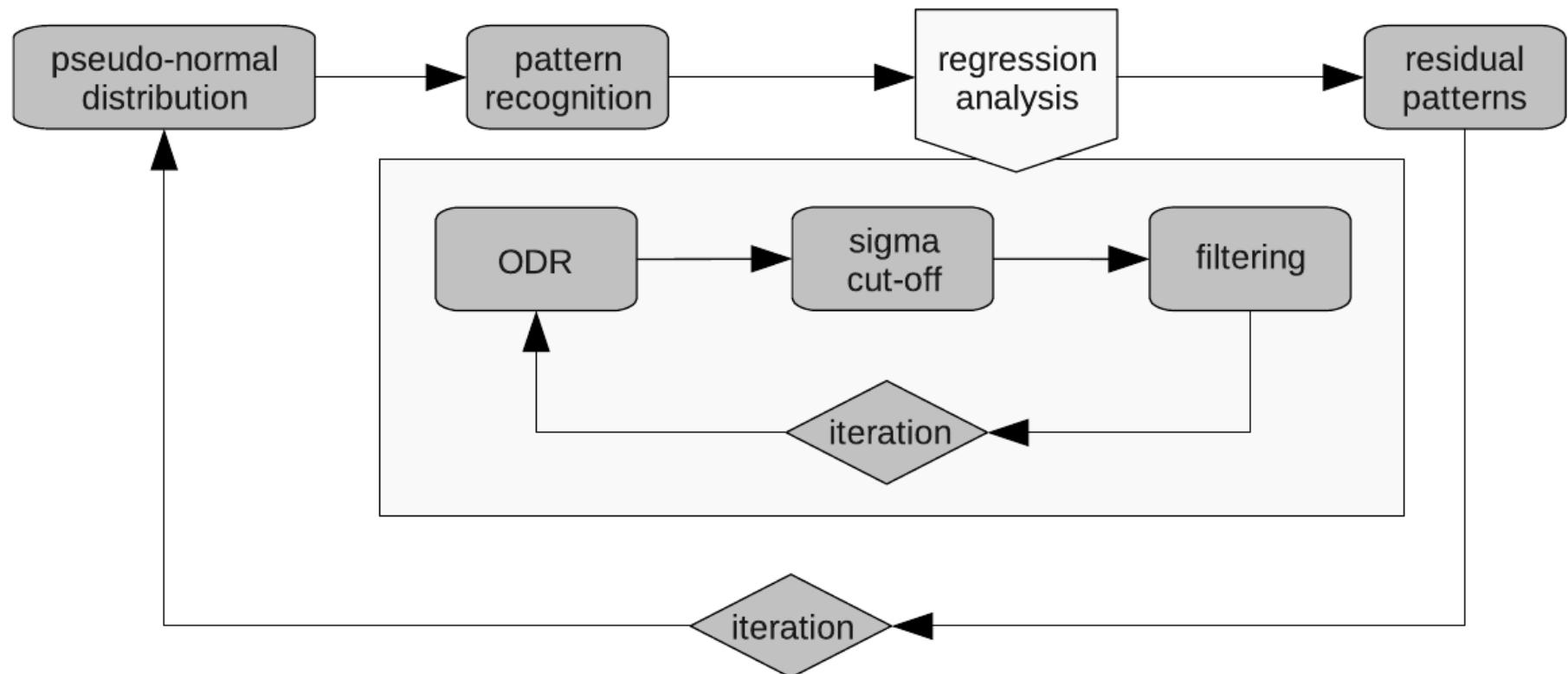
# Regression STRIP algorithm

- Pseudo-normal distribution & Squeeze-'n'-Tweak



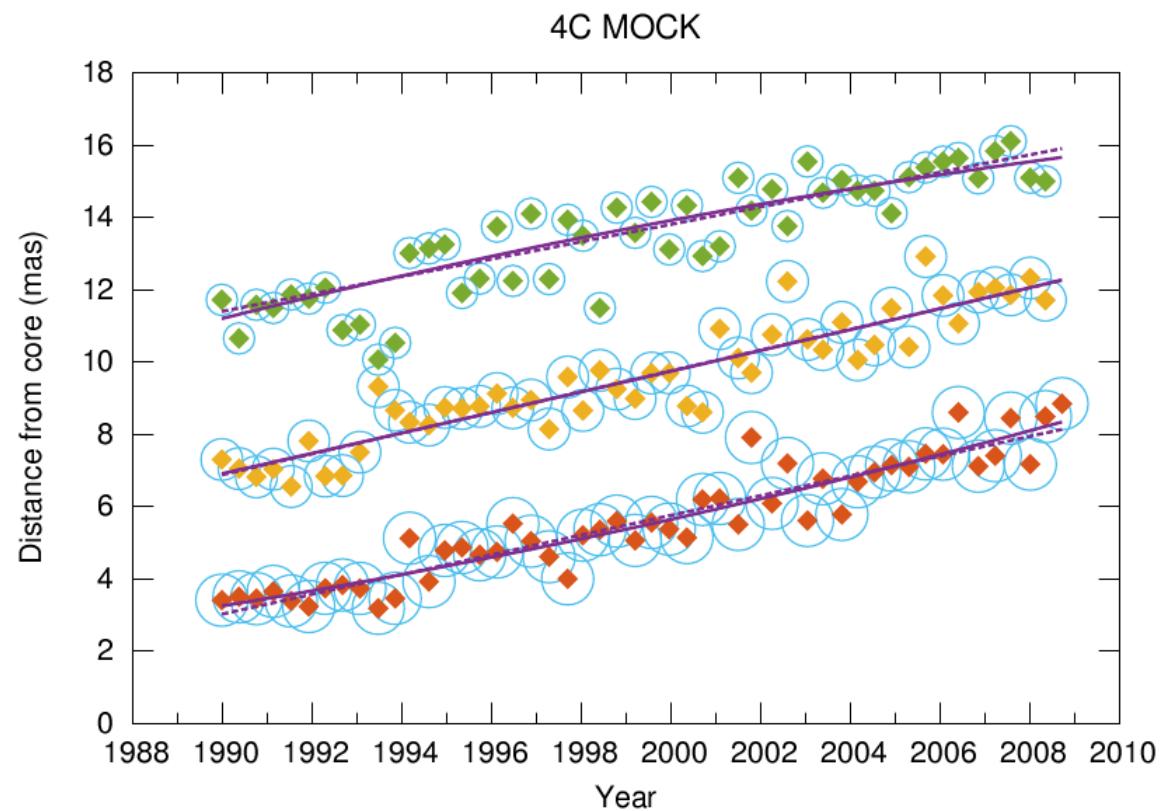
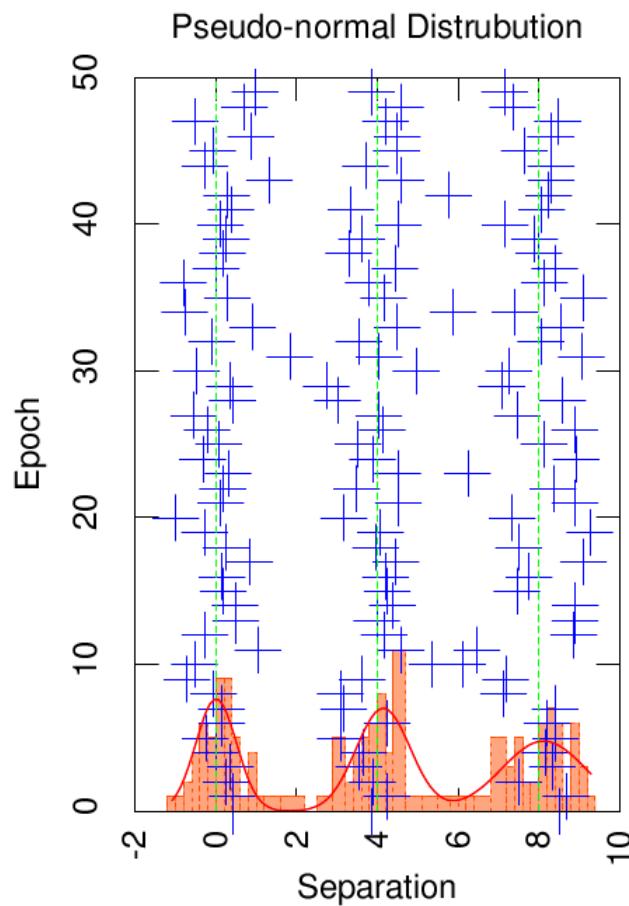
# Regression STRIP algorithm

- CLEAN-like flowchart



# Proper motion patterns

- Mock data tests



# Proper motion patterns

- Degree of separation

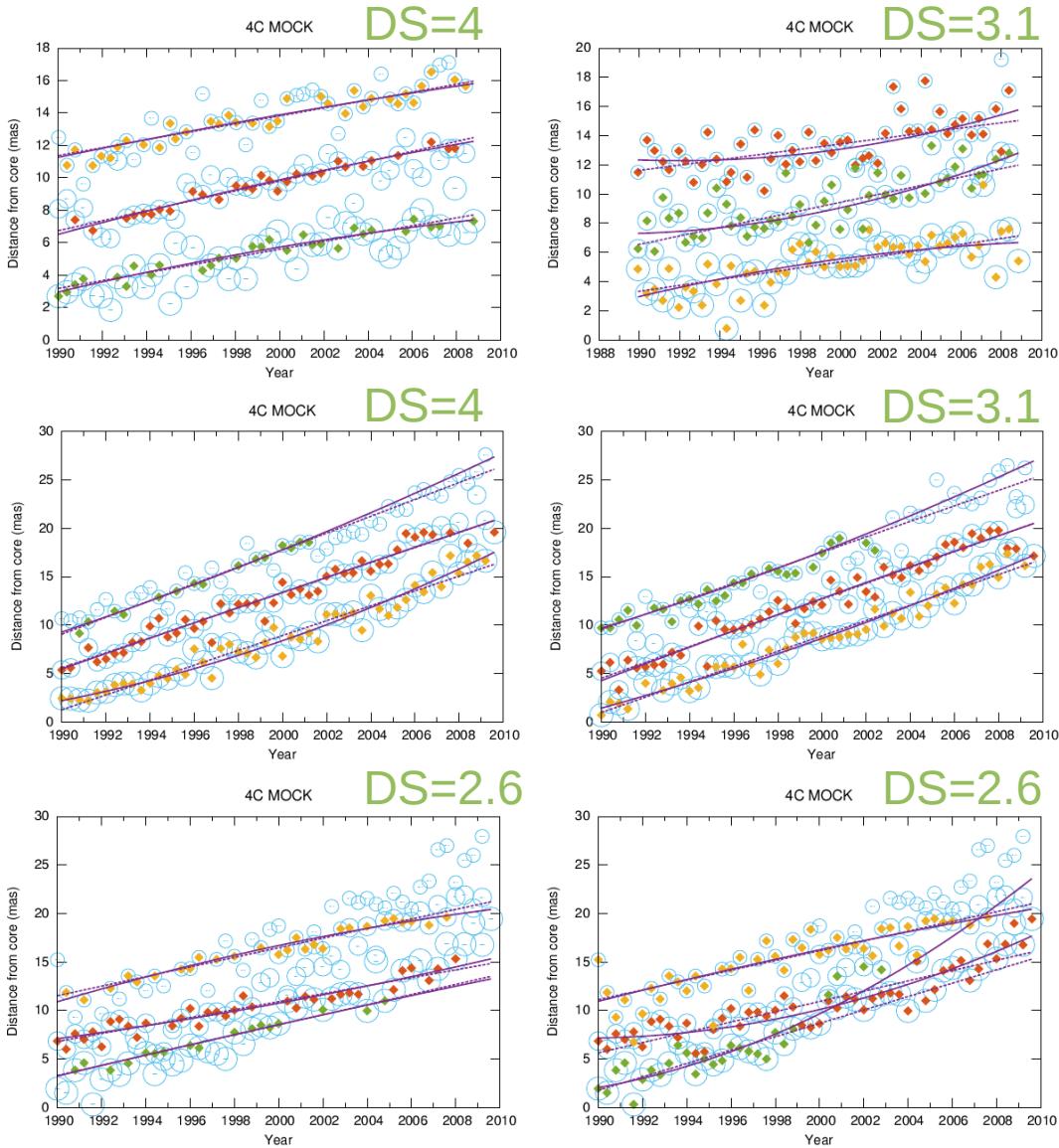
$$DS := \frac{\Delta\mu}{\sigma_{\max}}$$

- Confusion limit

$$DS < 3$$

- Undersampling

- Magic numbers
  - Number of bins
  - Sigma cut-off



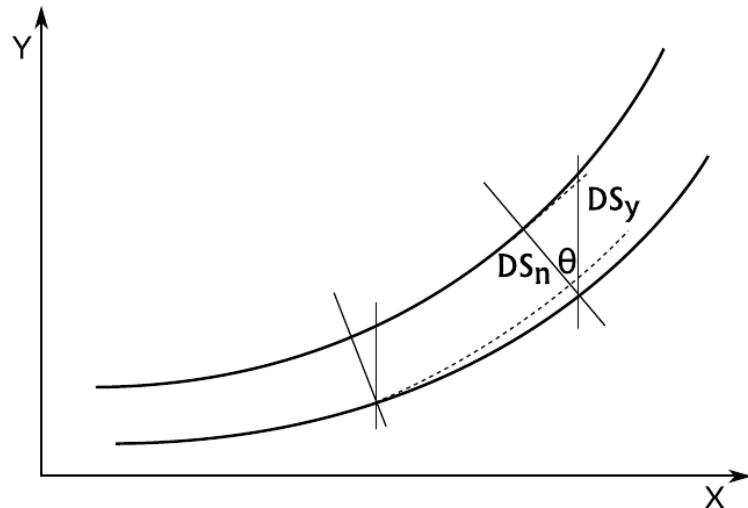
# Proper motion patterns

- DS-curvature degeneracy
  - Scaled quadratic

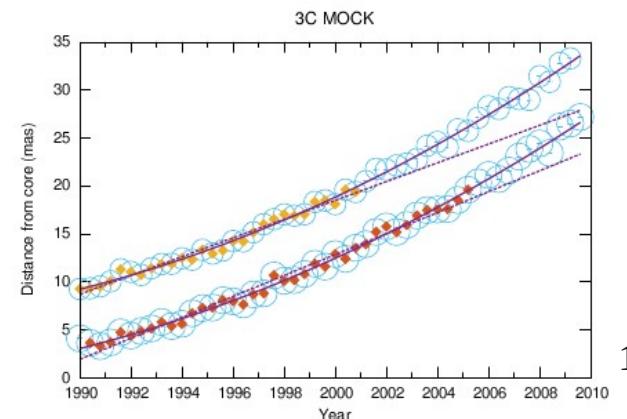
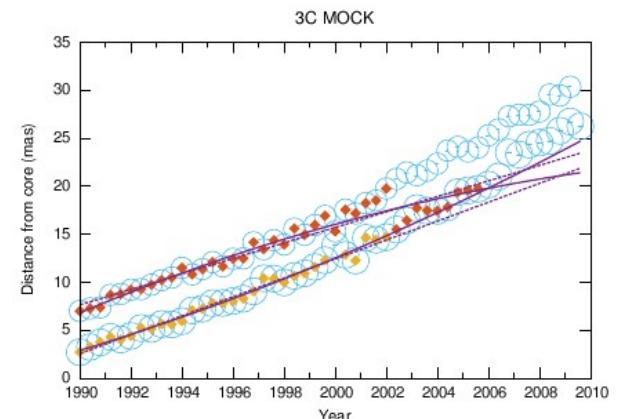
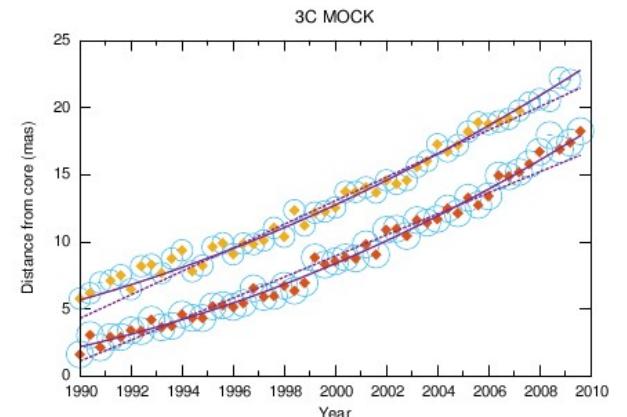
$$k = \frac{y''}{(1 + y'^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{2a}{[1 + (2ax + b)^2]^{3/2}} \leq 2a$$

→  $k_{\max} = 2a$

- Tail separation

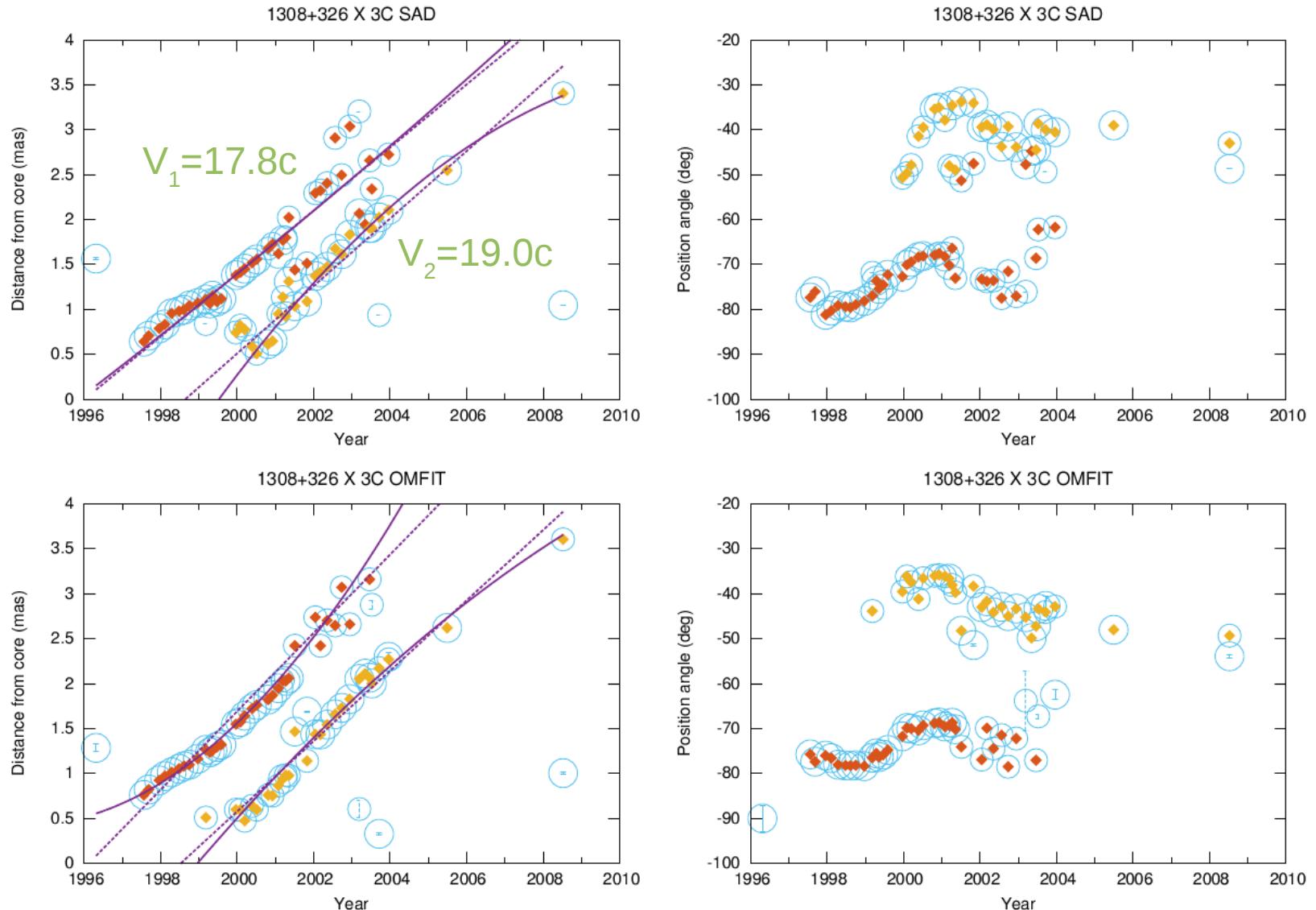


$$DS_n \leq DS_y \cdot \cos \theta, \quad \text{and} \quad x \uparrow \theta \downarrow DS_n \uparrow DS_y \uparrow$$



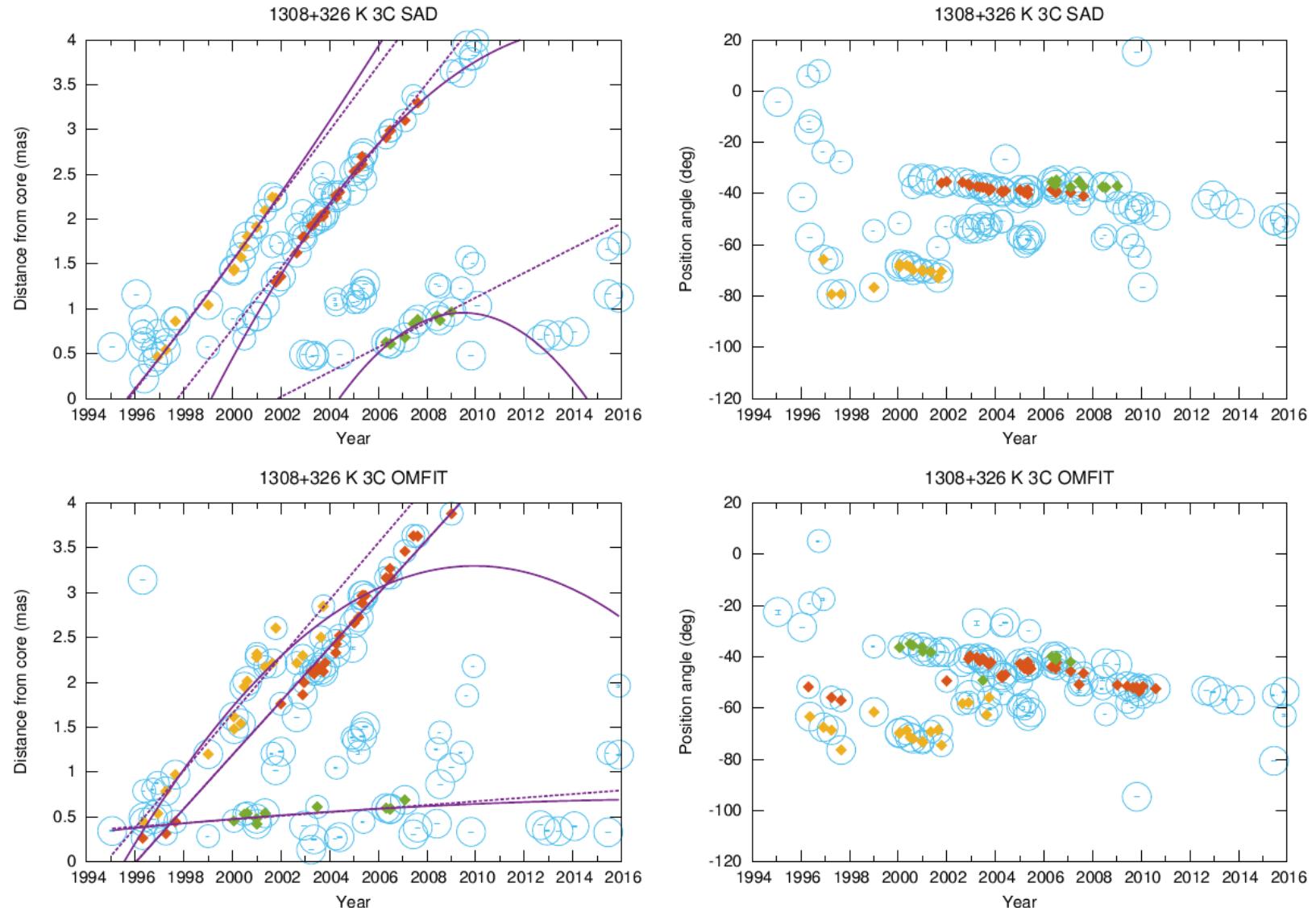
# Proper motion patterns

- Linear and non-linear pattern (RDV)



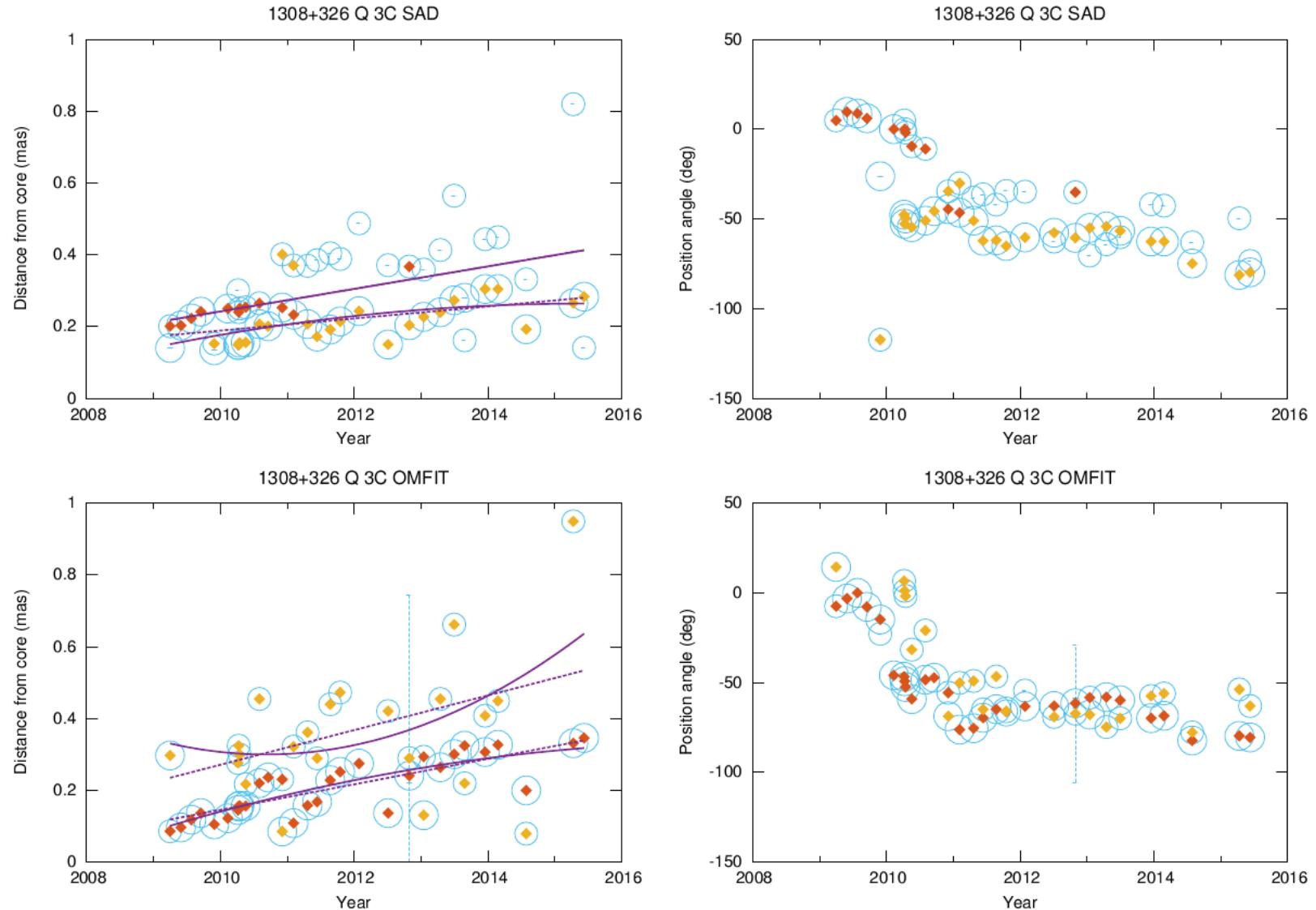
# Proper motion patterns

- Linear and non-linear pattern (MOJAVE)



# Proper motion patterns

- Linear and non-linear pattern (BU-Blazar)



# Record and Journal

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## ASCL Code Record

[ascl:1605.015] SAND: Automated VLBI imaging a

Zhang, Ming

The Search And Non-Destroy (SAND) is a VLBI data reduction pipeline based on the AIPS interface provided by ObITalk. It is designed for monitoring research. It can automatically investigate calibrated visibility given noise floor and do the model fitting either on the CLEANed in model-fitting results, intelligently identifies the multi-epoch jet components or non-linear proper motion patterns. The outputs including CLEAN animation cube, proper motion fitting and core light curves. For users, it provides modules to do the calibration and self-calibration in a batch for a set of observations.

Code site: <https://sourceforge.net/projects/sand-py>

Bibcode: [2016ascl.soft05015Z](#)

## MONTHLY NOTICES of the Royal Astronomical Society



Article Navigation

### SAND: an automated VLBI imaging and analysing pipeline – I. Stripping component trajectories

M. Zhang A. Collioud, P. Charlot

*Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society*, Volume 473, Issue 4, 1 February 2018, Pages 4505–4522,  
<https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/stx1513>

Published: 21 November 2017 Article history ▾

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#### Abstract

We present our implementation of an automated very long baseline interferometry (VLBI) data-reduction pipeline that is dedicated to interferometric data imaging and analysis. The pipeline can handle massive VLBI data efficiently, which makes it an appropriate tool to investigate multi-epoch multiband VLBI data. Compared to traditional manual data reduction, our pipeline provides more objective results as less human interference is involved. The source extraction is carried out in the image plane, while deconvolution and model fitting are performed in both the image plane and the *uv* plane for parallel comparison. The output from the pipeline includes catalogues of CLEANED images and reconstructed models, polarization maps, proper motion estimates, core light curves and multiband spectra. We have developed

# Prospects

- Piping monitoring data
  - G-VLBI – RDV
  - VLBA – MOJAVE & BU-Blazar
  - e-MERLIN legacy
- Evolving algorithms
  - Statistics – Data mining – Machine learning – AI
    - Pattern recognition
    - Deconvolution
    - Compressive sensing
- VO backend app?